





# Vatican Diplomacy: Pursuing Overtures to Eastern Europe

Archbishop Francesco Colasanto, Pope John Paul II's roving ambassador to Eastern Europe, was named recently as the Vatican's first official representative in Moscow, with the personal rank of apostolic nuncio and ambassador extraordinary. He discussed the situation in Eastern Europe with Barry James of the International Herald Tribune.

Q. Have recent events in Eastern Europe gone according to the Vatican's hopes and plans?

A. Certainly according to our hopes, because the Holy See wanted to see some changes; it wanted the restoration of basic freedoms. This is now taking place or has taken place in those countries. So yes, we are seeing the radical changes that we hoped for, and we wait for more.

Q. What do you understand by basic freedoms?

A. The Holy See is a champion of religious and human freedoms, and these include freedom of worship, education

and movement, indeed everything that affects human persons and helps them realize themselves.

Q. To what extent has the presence of a Slavic Pope influenced developments in Eastern Europe?

A. You cannot quantify things which belong to the spiritual and moral sphere. But I imagine the presence of a Polish Pope has had a great impact on the situation, and that his ministry has helped change the atmosphere.

Q. Lithuania, a predominantly Catholic country, is in an explosive situation. What can the church do to calm it?

A. It is indeed very complicated, and it is difficult to say what the solution is. The Holy Father has exhorted the interested parties to be objective and to make use of dialogue.

Q. The relations between the Vatican and the Soviet Union are slightly less than full diplomatic ties. Why is this so?

A. It can be foreseen that full diplomatic relations will come in due time. In the beginning it is good to bring our positions closer, and to get to know better the problems of common interest.

Q. Can we expect a papal visit to the Soviet Union?

A. Mr. Gorbachev has invited the Holy Father to the Soviet Union. Any papal visit has a marked pastoral character, and a visit to the Soviet Union, when it becomes possible, will also have this character.

Q. The Pope is going to Czechoslovakia later this month. Will you re-establish relations with that country?

A. It is very much desirable that when the Holy Father visits the country, diplomatic relations will be re-established.

Q. From the start of his pontificate, the Pope has spoken of the need to break down barriers in Europe. This is now happening. What is the next step?

A. Our hope is that Europe becomes united on the basis of a revitalized Christian faith, one that would stretch beyond the Urals. For this reason, the Holy Fa-

ther speaks of a Europe united around a common Christian heritage, and has proclaimed saints Cyril and Methodius, who evangelized the East, as patrons of Europe together with Saint Benedict.

Q. What is the state of the Vatican's relationship with the Orthodox Church in the Soviet Union?

A. There is a continuing improvement in the dialogue. Since January, delegations from our Secretariat for Christian Unity have gone to the Soviet Union several times and they have achieved some positive progress, confidently hoping that this progress will not be stopped, but will arrive at conclusions desired by both sides.

Q. On your side, that would include a normalized situation for the Ukrainian Catholics?

A. Yes, surely. It is hoped that the Ukrainian Catholic Church not only will be legally accepted in the Soviet Union, but that it will be accepted by our Orthodox brethren.

Q. A major problem is the question of who owns church property?

A. Yes, there is the practical question of how to give back churches to the Catholic oriental rite in the spirit of justice and equity. A commission is working on that problem, with a view to reaching conclusions acceptable to both sides.

Q. The Holy See is a participant in the Conference on Cooperation and Security in Europe. What will be your position when the conference meets later this year?

A. The aim would be to intensify unity among the member countries, to include in the organization those countries that are not members and to stimulate religious and civil values common to all the participants.

Q. Would the Holy See have anything to say about the border questions that might arise at that meeting?

A. This is rather a political question that we confidently leave to political states, while concentrating on matters related to the mission of the Holy See, which are in the domain of religion, morality and civilization at large.

## MONDAY Q&A

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# Pakistan Denies a Troop Buildup Along Kashmiri Border

Reuters

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan — Officials denied Sunday that the country had moved troops close to the border with India in response to escalating tensions over the disputed state of Jammu and Kashmir. "They were reacting to the assertion of the Indian prime minister, Vishwanath Pratap Singh, a day earlier that he had had reports of troop shifts on the Pakistani side of the border. He said that armored units and radar equipment had been moved up and that airfields had been made operational."

A Pakistani official said: "It is India, not Pakistan, who has made advance deployment. However, Pa-

kistani forces are alert wherever they are stationed."

Pakistan said Saturday that it had put its forces on alert and was ready to meet an invasion from India, which accuses Pakistan of arming and training leaders of an uprising in the Indian part of Kashmir.

Islamabad denies the charge. It blames the violence on India's refusal to hold a United Nations-mandated plebiscite in which Kashmiris would decide their future.

Since independence in 1947, the two countries have gone to war three times over Kashmir, two-thirds of which is in India.

In New Delhi on Sunday, the police warned the public to be alert for more bombs after three exploded in the city in a week.

Kashmiri militants claimed responsibility for all three. Other Indian cities were also at risk. Militants said they had planted the bomb that exploded on a Bombay commuter train on Wednesday, injuring 40.

The police in the Punjab city of Ludhiana said three persons were killed in an explosion there Sunday. They said 25 were hurt.

Two more bombs went off Saturday night in the western city of Poona, killing a woman and injuring 17 other people.

## Commensating War

Steve Coll of The Washington Post reported from New Delhi:

There is increasing evidence that some influential Indian politicians favor an offensive military strike against Pakistan in response to the insurrection in Kashmir.

The Times of India, an influential English-language daily with close ties to the government, reported Saturday that India's home minister, Mohammad Sayeed, now believes war with Pakistan "would be fully justified if the objective of freeing Kashmir from the stranglehold of the secessionists was achieved."

The newspaper quoted Mr. Sayeed as saying privately that although such a war would be costly in lives and property, it would be commensurate "the only option left to India" if Pakistan continued to support the separatists.

The report — coupled with Prime Minister Singh's recent statement that Indians should prepare themselves psychologically for such hostilities — marks the first time Indian leaders have suggested that Pakistani actions in Kashmir could justify an offensive war.

Threats of war over Kashmir have emanated from New Delhi and Islamabad at varying decibels since disaffected Kashmiris rebelled in December.

During this year's crisis, Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan has denied Indian charges that her government is arming and training separatists. Miss Bhutto has tried to draw a distinction between moral, diplomatic and financial support for Kashmiri separatists, and military support. She acknowledges that Pakistan provides the former while insisting that the latter has been withdrawn.

But Indian leaders have said in recent days that they no longer believe Miss Bhutto's denials.

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ONWARD TO THE NEW YEAR — Thousands of people in Dhaka, Bangladesh, parading through the streets Sunday to welcome the Bengali new year. The holiday is one of the most important in Bangladesh and the neighboring Indian state of West Bengal.

# An EC Warning to Sihanouk on UN Seat

By Paul Lewis

New York Times Service

## UNITED NATIONS, New

York — The 12 European Community countries have warned Prince Norodom Sihanouk that they will oppose giving Cambodia's United Nations seat to his coalition government-in-exile because it includes the Khmer Rouge, which brutally ruled Cambodia from 1975 to 1978, European and Asian diplomats say.

The question of who represents Cambodia at the United Nations has long been a diplomatic complication in efforts to work out a power-sharing arrangement to bring peace.

The government in Phnom Penh

is supported by Vietnam, which put it in place after it invaded and occupied the country 11 years ago, ousting the Khmer Rouge.

The Vietnamese withdrew the bulk of their forces in September. Because the United Nations opposed the invasion and occupation, it continued to recognize a delegation that includes Khmer Rouge representatives.

The European Community, like the United States, has been in the uncomfortable position of opposing the Khmer Rouge as a killer of its own people but not opposing its presence at the United Nations.

The European warning that the seating of the Sihanouk coalition would be opposed at the General

Assembly session in September was given by the community's foreign ministers to their counterparts in the six Asian countries that make up the Association of South East Asian Nations at a meeting in February, diplomats say.

Like the United States, the EC nations do not formally recognize Prince Sihanouk's coalition as the legal Cambodian government. But they have not challenged its claim to the country's United Nations seat since its formation in 1982.

But they argue that although it was reasonable to let the coalition occupy the seat while it was fighting a Vietnamese Army of occupation, the Cambodian conflict has now become a civil war in which

the United Nations should not take sides.

## Phnom Penh Accused

The Khmer Rouge leader, Khieu Samphan, has accused the Vietnamese-backed Cambodian Army of trying to kill Prince Sihanouk. United Press International reported from Bangkok, quoting the Khmer Rouge radio.

The clandestine radio, monitored in Bangkok, said Mr. Khieu Samphan had denounced as a "criminal act" an artillery attack that forced Prince Sihanouk to flee into Thailand's border province of Surin, 220 miles (350 kilometers) northeast of Bangkok, on Wednesday.

# Officials Say Iraq 'Gun' May Be Space Launcher

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

LONDON — Huge steel tubes seized before a recent Iraqi satellite launching system, government officials were quoted as saying here, but the tubemaker said such a project was not possible.

A report by Press Association, the British domestic news agency, cited officials as saying that the pipes matched the specifications for a satellite launching system designed by Dr. Gerald Bull, a Canadian ballistics expert who was shot and killed in Brussels last month.

But a spokesman for Sheffield Forgemasters, Tony Peck, said: "Nobody seems to have taken on board the fact that those eight pieces do not join up to form one piece. They are random sections of tubes from a consignment of 26 which, added together, measure 156 meters. They cannot join them together."

The company said it had agreed to supply 32 sections of the steel tubing and had delivered 44 to the Ministry of Industry and Minerals in Baghdad.

Two British newspapers, The Observer and The Sunday Telegraph, published drawings of a 40-meter-long rocket-launcher and said it could have been used to fire 90-centimeter (3-foot) rockets to an altitude of 180 kilometers (110 miles).

They said correspondence seized at the headquarters of Walter Somers, one of two British companies involved in the case, showed that the tubes had been built to the specifications of a rocket-launcher invented by Mr. Bull.

The reports said passages in the letters had been taken word for word from a book written by Mr. Bull about rocket-launchers.

The Belgian police said Mr. Bull, the owner of the Brussels company, Space Research Projects, was killed

with a silenced-equipped pistol on March 27. Robbery was apparently not a motive — \$20,000 was found in his pockets. Space Research Projects was described as a multinational company dealing in space and military research and international arms sales.

Customs officials seized the pipes Tuesday when they suspected they were parts of a huge gun. Iraq has said the tubes were pipes for a petrochemical plant.

In his book, Mr. Bull said the barrel of the launcher would be 40 meters long, the same length as the eight cylinders.

Britain banned all arms sales to Iraq and Iran after the outbreak of the Gulf War. There has been a cease-fire since 1988, but Iraq and Iran are still not officially at peace and the British embargo remains.

A political dispute over the issue was growing in Britain on Sunday. The opposition Labour Party urged the government to end the confusion.

Labor's foreign affairs spokesman, Gerald Kaufman, said ministers had to tell Parliament whether they believed the cylinders were part of a gun barrel or a pipeline. "Is this confusion or is it a cover-up?" he said.

The chief customs investigator, Douglas Tweedie, said there was no doubt the equipment could be used "as part of the barrel of a large artillery gun," which according to military experts would enable Iraq to fire nuclear or chemical missiles into Israeli or Iranian cities.

A customs spokesman said Sunday that he had no further comment and that investigations would continue.

Officials said customs officers were believed to be angered by a British television report quoting senior government sources as saying the shipment was "probably only a pipeline." (AP, Reuters, AFP)

## Solution to Previous Puzzle

ACROSS  
1 Pinchle combination  
5 Cousin of scal  
9 Sailing maneuvers  
14 Sheltered  
15 Derbies and fedoras  
16 Sound off  
17 Money-saving lures  
19 "unspotted heart" Shak.

20 Totals  
21 Oahu and Maui  
22 Great Greek geometer  
26 Whitman or Kelly  
27 Rialto sign  
28 Placid  
32 Tragic king  
33 Greek letter  
36 "Rose of —"  
37 Cube inventor  
38 Girl of Green Gables  
40 Uncooked

41 Coll or bus. sections  
42 Ballet outfit  
43 Et iolower  
46 Hirt and Capp  
47 Donkey Ger.  
48 Glanced askance  
49 Barbara Bush, Pierce  
50 Apple variety  
52 Apple products  
54 Slow dances, in ballet  
57 Virginia willow  
58 Toxic protein  
59 Told  
64 Isle in Taiwan

4 Transferred pattern  
5 Quake  
6 The Brinker boy  
7 Baseball's Mel  
8 Bone Comb. form  
9 — Apopha  
Lake, Fla.  
10 Dismayed  
11 Bedspread  
12 A seminomadic Muslim  
13 Cécile and Marie. Abot  
18 Horace, for one  
22 — Paa (Popeye's baby).  
23 Square's place  
24 Remote planet  
25 Offsets  
29 Street show  
30 Fill with joy  
31 More recent  
33 Part of a lodge mounting  
34 Singers Larry and Diana  
38 One delivering a panegyric  
43 Goldfish in "Pinochio"

DOWN  
1 Wild  
2 Wallah or Whitney  
3 — Miserables

44 Churchman's residence  
45 Farewell, in France  
51 Subtraction word  
53 Worshiper of Beantee  
54 "Aeneid" starter  
55 "Buenos —"  
56 Young lady of Sp.  
57 Suffix with poet  
60 Slippery one  
61 Essay  
62 Suffix with must  
63 Tusk

67

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## WORLD BRIEFS

### Berlin Marchers Call for Arms Cuts

BERLIN (Reuters) — Thousands of East Germans calling for disarmament marched through the Berlin Wall without border formalities on Sunday in the first Easter peace rally straddling both halves of the still-divided city.

East German border guards waved the throng through the Heinrich Heine crossing into West Berlin. East Germans are now free to travel to West Germany, and border troops reduced controls to spot checks this Easter weekend to avert traffic jams.

Demonstrators called for drastic cuts in European arms budgets and hardware and a linkage of German unification to the overall European unity process. Placards urged "Berlin Without Walls — Germany Without Weapons — Europe Without Blocs."

### Gunman Kills 2 in San Diego Hospital

SAN DIEGO (UPI) — A middle-aged man, distraught over the death of his father during surgery Saturday, returned to the hospital 12 hours later and unleashed a blaze of gunfire that killed two people and wounded two, officials said.

A nurse and a student emergency-room worker were killed, the police said. One of the wounded was a doctor.

The man, identified as Bradford Warren Powers Jr., 46, of La Jolla, California, approached a nursing station about 12 feet (3.5 meters) inside the emergency-room entrance at Mission Bay Memorial Hospital and began firing indiscriminately with a handgun. He fled, but within an hour of the attack telephoned police from his home in Oceanside to surrender.

### Dole, in Israel, Puts U.S. Housing First

JERUSALEM (AP) — The U.S. Senate Republican leader, Bob Dole of Kansas, said Sunday that the United States had to take care of its own homeless before giving money to Israel to house Soviet immigrants.

"Charity starts at home, and that means America," Mr. Dole said at a news conference in Jerusalem, the last stop in a Middle East tour by five U.S. senators. "We are going to give \$400 million to Israel for housing guarantees, when we have 3 million homeless in America and no program for them?"

Mr. Dole has proposed cuts for the largest recipients of U.S. aid, a move that would greatly affect Israel, which gets \$3 billion annually from Washington. Israel is seeking an additional \$400 million in U.S.-guaranteed housing loans to help absorb a huge influx of Soviet Jews.



## U.S. Army Outlines Plan to Cut Quarter Of Troops by 1997

By Patrick E. Tyler

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Army would cut one in four uniformed troops by 1997 and kill or reduce 34 of its procurement programs under a plan approved last week, according to a Pentagon official.

In the first of the army's long-term reduction decisions, the army secretary, Michael P.W. Stone, and the army chief of staff, General Carl E. Vuono, approved the recommendation for Defense Secretary Dick Cheney.

The plan would cut the active-duty army from its present level of 764,000 to 580,000, and Reserve and National Guard forces from 776,000 to 645,000, the official said. He added that the procurement programs ranged from minor systems to major weapons, but he declined to specify them.

These troop and procurement decisions are the largest part of the recommendations Mr. Cheney has ordered the army to provide by April 30 for the 1992-97 Defense Department spending plan. That plan is to be submitted to Congress after this year or early next.

By cutting the number of troops, army leaders hope to preserve funding for training and other operational accounts that have helped attract better recruits to the all-volunteer force and to keep soldiers at a relatively high state of readiness for combat.

"What army there will be, has to be able to fight," an official said.

This view echoes that of General Vuono, who has said that "the growing complexity of the international environment will demand that the army of the future be versatile, deployable and lethal."

The decision would preserve

funding for major weapons programs, such as a replacement for the Abrams main battle tank, which Mr. Cheney has said will be canceled after the last of the nearly 8,000 tanks is delivered in 1993.

Both General Vuono and General Colin L. Powell, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, have taken the position that the army of the future will still need heavily armored tanks with big armor-piercing guns, even if the Soviet tank threat in Europe recedes.

The decision last week is not the last word for the 1992-97 spending plan that Mr. Cheney will review this summer.

The secretary has left to the armed services the job of shaping their future and has been unwilling to tell them how many forces they can expect to have in Europe over the next five years or how to adjust their assumptions about "warring time" in Europe. All this stands against the backdrop of changes in Eastern Europe that have diminished the traditional threat of Soviet attack.

Congress also may demand deeper cuts than the army has presented under fiscal "targets" set by Mr. Cheney that reduce the overall defense budget by about 2 percent a year after accounting for inflation.

Army officials said the fiscal constraints that forced the decision to cut one-quarter of its troops was not unexpected. They provided no details on how the cuts would fall among the ranks of enlisted personnel, noncommissioned officers and officers.

But the officials said there was disquiet over the lack of policy guidance from Mr. Cheney's office to help define the roles and mission for the army in coming years.

## Democrats Have Ideas For the 'Peace Bonus'

By David E. Rosenbaum

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Breaking with President George Bush and leaders of their own party, some prominent Democrats have begun to say that the money cut from the Pentagon in the next several years should be earmarked for education, medical care and other social problems and not merely be set aside to reduce the federal deficit.

Their theme seems to be that the deficit was caused by Republicans and should be left to Republicans to resolve, and that Democrats should re-establish their claim as the party best suited to meet the nation's needs.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts said last week, "At the very moment when so many Democrats seem timid or befuddled, I see a new opportunity to shape new Democratic ideas and advance enduring Democratic ideas."

He said the party could "never regain the presidency, or even ultimately keep its congressional power, by disguising or repudiating our own basic identity."

The Democratic whip in the Senate, Alan Cranston of California, made a similar point, maintaining that "the lion's share of the peace dividend" should be spent in six areas — education, health, drug control, housing, environmental protection and public works.

If, as a result of reduced East-West tensions, military spending is reduced by an average of only \$10 billion a year, or about 3 percent, for the next 10 years, the Defense Department's budget in the year

2000 will be \$100 billion lower than it is now, in 1990 dollars. The cumulative saving over the decade would be \$350 billion.

Mr. Bush says that the peace dividend is largely a mirage and that the small sums that may prove real in the next few years must be used entirely to reduce the federal deficit.

Among Democrats, a split has developed between the likes of the Senate majority leader, George J. Mitchell of Maine, and the speaker of the House, Thomas S. Foley of Washington, who maintain that deficit reduction must take top priority, and other legislators who take the politically aggressive position of favoring new spending for social programs.

So far, Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Cranston are the most prominent Democrats to speak out for more domestic spending, which opinion polls show to be popular.

Mr. Kennedy proposed cutting the \$300 billion military budget by 7 percent in the next fiscal year and by 5 percent more each year through 1995, figures far above the 2 percent cuts advocated by the president.

Mr. Cranston said his proposal would raise a cumulative \$170 billion in the next five years.

Mr. Cranston proposed cumulative cuts of \$375 billion through 1997 and specified how he thought the money should be allocated: \$123 billion for transportation; more than \$60 billion each for education, housing and environmental cleanup; \$53 billion for health programs and \$15 billion for crime prevention and drug control.



**FLIGHT TO SAFETY** — Police officers in Lexington, Kentucky, rushing 13-month-old Brittany Jamison to safety after a 17-hour seizure of hostages by Michael Purcell, who killed his estranged wife, Mary Jean, before killing himself. Two others were wounded. The police used concussion grenades and tear gas and then stormed the house, the home of Mrs. Purcell's mother, on Friday.

## 'Japanese Torpedo' Wants to Jar Peru

By James Brooke

New York Times Service

LIMA — Alberto Fujimori, the Japanese immigrants' son who displaced Mario Vargas Llosa this month as presidential front-runner, is vowing to shake up Peru, attacking coca cultivation and guerrilla violence, and pushing for the entry of this Andean land into the booming Pacific economy.

Mr. Fujimori, 51, known here as "the Japanese torpedo," is widely expected to defeat Mr. Vargas Llosa, the novelist-turned-politician, in a runoff that is to take place before June 3.

With his political stock soaring, Mr. Fujimori, an agronomist, has been blunt in recent statements. He has spoken with scorn of U.S. efforts to end coca farming in Peru. He has dismissed Washington's program as "completely inefficient" in moving his country from its role as a world supplier of the raw material for cocaine.

Instead, he proposed in an interview that the United States help build a 350-mile (560-kilometer) railroad to convert Peru's principal coca-growing valley into a breadbasket for his nation, which must import food for its people.

"The United States is just fooling itself," he said. "You have to give the peasants an alternative. Otherwise, they will die of hunger or join the ranks of the guerrillas."

It is the appetite for cocaine in the United States that has in large part fueled the switch

from food crops to coca cultivation in the Upper Huallaga Valley of Peru.

Mr. Fujimori's support for crop substitution is part of a larger shake-up that he promises if he wins the runoff. On Monday, Mr. Vargas Llosa is to announce whether he will stay in the race. If the novelist bows out, his coalition, the Democratic Front, will field a replacement.

Such a move would virtually guarantee Mr. Fujimori a victory.

Political analysts have watched transfixed as Mr. Fujimori rocketed from 3 percent in the polls on March 1 to 30 percent on April 8, the day of the first election round.

The analysts attribute his success in part to the fact that Mr. Vargas Llosa is seen as too close to traditional politicians who represent wealthy business people.

Pollsters predict that Mr. Fujimori would win a runoff against Mr. Vargas Llosa by attracting leftist voters who oppose the novelist's stricter free-market platform.

Mr. Fujimori apparently outpolled Mr. Vargas Llosa in the Andean highlands, where the Maoist Shining Path guerrilla group is strongest. The front-runner holds somewhat unorthodox opinions about the guerrillas.

"In the mountains," he said, "people were dying of hunger, children were not going to school, but everything looked fine from the presidential palace." Mr. Fujimori attributed the spread of Shining Path to the "total myopia" of Peru's two presidents in the 1980s,

Fernando Belaunde Terry and Alan Garcia Pérez.

"They are primarily responsible for the terrorism," he said. "Don't forget that people have the right to rebel in face of social injustice. You can't allow the suffocation of a people by social structures."

In interviews and polls, voters cited the qualities they liked about Mr. Fujimori: his passion for farming, his political independence and his Japanese ancestry.

The Japanese-Peruvian minority, numbering about 70,000 in a country of about 20 million, has taken pains to distance itself from Mr. Fujimori. The group apparently fears that a Fujimori failure as a candidate or as president could unleash anti-Japanese sentiment.

But Mr. Fujimori is playing the Japanese card to his advantage. He has implied that his election would draw billions of dollars in Japanese investment.

To gain publicity, he has been filmed breaking a brick with a karate kick. In the interview, he confessed that he never learned karate and that the brick had been broken in advance.

To many Peruvians, the most pressing problem is not drug cultivation or foreign debt, but the violence of Shining Path.

Mr. Fujimori, saying counterinsurgency is "not fought only with firearms," proposed an Andean development program to bring schools, roads, clinics and less partial justice to rural Peruvians.

## Spark M. Matsunaga, 73, Senator From Hawaii, Dies

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Senator Spark M. Matsunaga, 73, a Hawaii Democrat, who helped pave the way for a postwar generation of Japanese-American politicians, died Sunday of prostate cancer.

The son of Japanese immigrants, Mr. Matsunaga was a member of the all-Nisei regiment that served in Europe during World War II.

His battalion became part of the 442d Central Postal Directory, the most decorated regiment in U.S. history.

Mr. Matsunaga himself was twice wounded and received combat medals including the Bronze Star and Purple Heart with cluster.

He was elected to the U.S. Senate in 1976 after 14 years in the House of Representatives.

■ **Other deaths:** Lois Tenaker, 97, a German filmmaker whose career spanned five decades, Friday in Bolzano, Italy. One of his best-known works was "Der Verlorene Sohn" (The Lost Son) made in 1954.

Dr. John Basilio Graham, 81, a physician and educator who was a pioneer in the treatment of headaches, of a blood disease Wednesday in Boston. Dr. Graham founded the Headache Research Foundation at Faulkner Hospital in 1950 and was its director until he retired in 1986.

■ **5th Bronx Taxi Driver Slain**

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL  
NEW YORK — A taxi driver was shot and killed in the Bronx with a single gunshot to the head, becoming the fifth cab driver slain in the borough since early March,

the meaning of section 1.4692(f)(2) through (4) exceeds the taxpayer's passive activity deductions from such activities for the taxable year, such activities shall be treated, solely for purposes of applying this paragraph (f)(2)(i) for the taxable year, as a single activity that does not have a loss for such taxable year."

Fast-food chains are beginning to respond to criticism that they are nutritional wastelands. The New York Times reports, McDonald's, Burger King, Wendy's, Hardee's and Roy Rogers all offer at least one salad, and some offer low-fat alternatives to double cheeseburgers. Burger King's Whopper hamburger, with 36 grams of fat, sells 2 million a day. Its new B.K. Broiler, a grilled chicken sandwich at six grams of fat in an oat-ban bread, already sells a million a day.

### Notes About People

Vice President Dan Quayle has split with his boss on a major issue: broccoli. While President George Bush refuses to eat the stuff, Mr. Quayle asked stewards on his last flight on Air Force Two to include it on the menu, and he says it is the vegetable most often served at his house.

Martina Navratilova, 33, after winning a new car for her 6-2, 6-4 victory over 14-year-old Jennifer Capriati in the Family Circle Cup at Hilton Head Island, South Carolina, observed, "It's just as well I won, because if she won she couldn't drive it anyway."

Arthur Higbee

## Baker Campaigns For El Salvador Aid

By Clifford Krauss

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Hoping to prevent Congress from cutting aid to El Salvador when lawmakers return to work this week, Secretary of State James A. Baker 3d is lobbying Democratic leaders to give the administration time to encourage peace negotiations between the Salvadoran government and leftist guerrillas.

Mr. Baker is trying to undercut opposition to the administration's policy of continuing substantial levels of economic and military support for the government of President Alfredo Cristiani.

Since six Jesuit priests were killed in San Salvador in November, many Democrats have lost patience with administration arguments that quiet pressure can improve El Salvador's performance on human rights.

Officials in Washington and El Salvador are nearly unanimous in saying that the killings were done by a rightist death squad tied to the military.

Democrats have responded to Mr. Baker's initiative by insisting that the administration take a harder line on rights abuses in El Salvador. But there appears to be some support for trying to reduce partisan friction over aid.

A top administration official said Mr. Baker was trying to duplicate his successful effort last year in building bipartisan support for the administration's policy toward Nicaragua. Mr. Baker convinced congressional leaders to back food, clothing and other aid for the Nicaraguan rebels in exchange for administration promises to support elections in Nicaragua.

Aides of President George Bush credit that policy with ending the contra war and leading to the defeat of President Daniel Ortega Somoza in February.

The administration is proposing that El Salvador, which has received more than \$4 billion in U.S. aid since 1980, receive \$86 million in military aid and \$229 million in economic assistance in the 1990 fiscal year. Democratic leaders have threatened to slash those figures by half or more.

Mr. Baker held separate meetings recently with top lawmakers

from both houses, in which he urged them to hold off proposals to cut or put conditions on assistance to El Salvador until they could create a bipartisan policy on negotiations and human rights.

Bernard W. Aronson, assistant secretary of state for inter-American affairs, said, "We think for the first time there is a real possibility to achieve peace, but we can't help that happen if we turn El Salvador into a partisan issue."

He said Mr. Baker had assured the legislators that the administration shared their concerns about rights and the slow pace of judicial revisions in El Salvador and argued that a bipartisan approach was the way to increase leverage over the Cristiani government.

Mr. Aronson said Mr. Baker would come back to the congressional leadership after the Easter recess to hear their suggestions and try to work out a joint policy.

At least some Democrats apparently took the appeal to heart. Democratic members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee postponed drafting an amendment to an appropriations bill for emergency aid to Panama and Nicaragua that would have conditioned further military aid to El Salvador on improvements in human rights.

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Norway	N.R. 042/11.388	2,000	1,640	1,100
Portugal	Port. 0034/1.553.1085	29,000	32,880	16,000
Spain	Sp. 01/553.1085	39,000	28,000	17,000
Sweden	S.R. 08/71.63.771	2,000	1,640	1,100
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## AMERICAN TOPICS

### A Personal Museum For Senator Helms

Senator Jesse Helms, whose outspoken views about art have put him at odds with museum curators around the country, is now being honored with a museum of his own. The benefactors are tobacco companies, banks and other longtime backers of the North Carolina Republican.

All told, nearly \$4 million has been contributed toward a \$5 million goal for building a library, research center and museum of Helms memorabilia near the senator's hometown of Monroe.

Mr. Helms has long advocated blocking federal grants for museums that display "obscene and indecent" works. One of the most conservative members of the Senate, he is running for election to a fourth term this year. Mike Easley, a Democrat seeking the nomination to oppose him this fall, said, "While I am pleased to see that Mr. Helms will have a library to occupy his time after November, I am concerned about the appearance of impropriety."

Peter Rutledge, a staff member of the House Subcommittee on Libraries and Memorials, said he could not cite another example of a sitting member of Congress with a museum and library.

"I assume Henry Clay's got something somewhere," he said, "or Daniel Webster. It is certainly not uncommon to name a



**HEAVY HITTER** — Leona Helmsley, the U.S. hotel executive free on \$25 million bail pending the appeal of her four-year sentence for income tax evasion, beat the 1990 deadline with a check for \$42,065,000 to the Internal Revenue Service.

building after a former member. But you normally require them to die first."

### Short Takes

Book sales went up 18 percent last year to a total of \$6 billion, and although chains accounted for 40 percent of the increase, the more than 6,500 independent bookstores sold the other 60 percent, according to U.S. News & World Report magazine.

Indeed, the threat that chain distribution would drive the independents out of business has receded. While chains offer lower prices, the independents offer greater variety, better service and

more knowledgeable. Many are specialized, like Armchair Sailor (nautical books), Victor Kaskin (250,000 titles on Russia) and Grounds for Murder (mysteries).

A "Most Incomprehensible Government Regulation Award" has been conferred on the Internal Revenue Service by Comprehensive Accounting Corp. of Aurora, Illinois, which helps people fill out their income tax returns. An IRS spokesman agreed that Temporary Treasury Regulation 469-1T (f)(2)(i)(C) is, in a word, "complicated." It says, "If the taxpayer's passive activity gross income from significant participation passive activities (within







## CLAIMS: Will Sandinistas Leave?

(Continued from Page 1)

sio Somoza Debayle, Sandinista leaders "have lived a life of luxury, and they continue to live it," said Moises Hassan, a former Sandinista mayor of Managua who broke with the front in 1988.

"When the revolution triumphed, the comandantes immediately looked for houses in Las Colinas and Los Robles," he said, referring to two exclusive neighborhoods outside the capital. "Corruption became generalized. For me it was an essential motive for leaving the party."

In the view of one diplomat, "corruption was the big unspeakable issue" of the recent election campaign that culminated in Mrs. Chamorro's victory. He said the Sandinista leaders "hardly bothered to hide it."

Mr. Ortega and other key comandantes — his brother, Defense Minister Humberto, Interior Minister Tomas Borge Martinez, and the party theorist, Bayardo Arce Castano — did not respond to requests for interviews.

Under a decree of Aug. 30, 1979, the revolutionary government, of which Mrs. Chamorro was then a member, confiscated all property belonging to Mr. Somoza and his "relations," a term broadly interpreted to include people who had had little or nothing to do with the dictator.

The decree specified that "under no circumstances" were the "expropriated mansions and luxurious residences" to be used to house government officials, an injunction that the Sandinistas immediately violated. Later decrees gave the government authority to expropriate the property of anyone who stayed out of Nicaragua for six consecutive months.

One of the first people affected was Mr. Morales, a wealthy conservative businessman and banker who wrote a column for the opposition newspaper, La Prensa. He was a friend of the paper's anti-Somoza publisher, Pedro Joaquin Chamorro, and says he opposed the dictator.

Mr. Chamorro, the husband of Violeta Chamorro, was assassinated in 1978. In 1984, Mr. Morales allied himself with the Nicaraguan rebels, known as contras, and became one of their cease-fire negotiators.

In a telephone interview from Mexico, where he now lives, Mr. Morales said his house was occupied on July 19, 1979, the day of the Sandinista triumph, by Daniel Ortega and his companion, Rosario Murillo, and "confiscated illegally" by decree a year later.

"I was never a Somocista," he said. "I think the comandante just liked my house."

Mr. Morales said that in addition to losing his four-bedroom home, which has two living rooms, a guest room, a library, a large

office and a garden with fountains, he had taken from him all his furnishings, including an art collection, antiques, rare books, crystal and fine wines. The total value exceeded \$600,000, he estimated.

Mr. Morales said he planned to return to Managua and would like to recover his house, but did not want to create problems for the Chamorro government by upsetting the delicate transition from Sandinista rule.

"If my house is the cost I have to pay for democracy and justice, I would be happy to pay it," he said, "but I don't want to legitimize what is illegitimate."

He referred to a law that the Sandinistas pushed through the lame-duck national legislature that they still control in March, giving property rights to the occupants of confiscated houses now owned by the state.

Mr. Morales's case is further complicated by "improvements" the Ortigas have made. The property of several neighbors also was confiscated, and what Mr. Morales calls a "Berlin wall" was built around the complex, which now includes a jogging track and a baseball field.

But perhaps the most audacious expropriation was carried out by Humberto Ortega, the army commander. He took over a whole subdivision six miles (10 kilometers) south of Managua, called Santa Maria del Lago, and built a high wall around it with guard houses and a watchtower.

Inside, according to neighbors, are up to 20 houses, most inhabited by senior Sandinista military officers. At one end of the compound, which stretches for 700 yards (650 meters) along Masaya Highway, is a baseball diamond. A road that formerly passed through the subdivision from the highway to a Roman Catholic school has been sealed off and a detour built around the compound.

A few miles closer to Managua, several other comandantes have taken over houses in the Los Robles neighborhood.

Among the more ostentatious residents, neighbors say, is Mr. Arce, a member of the nine-man Sandinista directorate, who is known as one of the party's more hard-line Marxist ideologues. He now lives in the confiscated house of Roberto Arguello Tefel, a wealthy construction magnate who left for Miami before the revolution.

According to a neighbor who has been inside the house, estimated to be worth \$300,000, its walls are covered by large paintings, some worth more than \$4,000, by Nicaragua's best-known artists. The rambling five-bedroom home, which is surrounded by a high brick wall and guarded by soldiers armed with AK-47 assault rifles, also has studio that looks out onto a pool, the neighbor said.



SUNDAY OF HOPE — Pope John Paul II reading his Easter message at St. Peter's Basilica. He asked Lithuanians to follow a path of "respectful and comprehensive dialogue" in pursuing their goals.

## ARMY: Military Pushing for Crackdown in Lithuania

(Continued from page 1)

the Soviet annexation of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia.

Some Soviet officials also complain the United States has not shown its appreciation for Mr. Gorbachev's rapid and continuing shifts on German reunification.

A few weeks ago, the Soviet leader was insisting that a united Germany be neutral and could not belong to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Then last week, Mr. Shevardnadze suggested that Germany could belong to both NATO and the Warsaw Pact.

"We didn't expect you to accept this idea whole," a Communist Party Central Committee official said after the White House rejected the idea. "But why don't you make some constructive counterproposal instead of rejecting ours?"

Valentin M. Falin, Mr. Gorbachev's chief adviser on German af-

fairs, said in an interview that the dual-alliance idea was intended to provide a transition to a new all-European security structure that would replace both NATO and the Warsaw Pact in five to seven years.

"Why not agree in the talks on German unification that this is the goal?" another adviser said. "That would be the kind of signal we need."

## Moscow Council Is Denied 2 Voices

Reuters

MOSCOW — The Moscow City Council, now firmly controlled by a radical majority, has been stripped of its two widely read city newspapers, apparently in a power struggle with the Communist Party.

Beginning Sunday, the dailies Moskovskaya Pravda and Vechernaya Moskva lost their status as

joint publications of both the party and the council.

Instead, the newspapers will be run exclusively by the party, in effect depriving the council of a public voice as it attempts to push through a major policy changes. In March, members of a pro-democracy bloc won 60 percent of the council seats.

## Which Soviet Economic Cure?

### Gorbachev and Advisers Press Ahead on Plan for Change

By Francis X. Clines

New York Times Service

MOSCOW — President Mikhail S. Gorbachev has met with his chief advisers in an attempt to craft his long-promised plan for "radical" prescriptions to cure the Soviet economy.

A brief description by the press agency Tass made it clear that the meeting was a continuation of the inconclusive and often contradictory sessions that have marked the Kremlin's approach to reorganizing the economy.

No concrete progress was reported Saturday, and it was announced that the matter would be taken up again this week.

"While expressing a wide range of opinions and points of view," Tass said, "all speakers agreed on the necessity to speed up economic reform and to seek out and vigorously introduce new methods of economic guidance and new forms of management."

Mr. Gorbachev's view of the prospects of the discussions was not reported. The Soviet leader has conceded that his policies have failed to revive the economy.

Tass offered no hint of how quickly or firmly the government

might seek to introduce free-market programs.

For months, Mr. Gorbachev has received contradictory and unclear advice on how to change the economy. The Tass description of the meeting, which emphasized that "an exchange of opinions took place," made it clear that Mr. Gorbachev's new policy-shaping panel, the presidential council, had arrived at no immediate conclusions.

The task of the meeting, which included senior government economists, was to form an overall plan for attacking economic problems. These extend from the government's monopoly on markets and prices to the issue of how to make the ruble worth enough to be convertible into other currencies so that the Soviet Union might gain a share in world markets.

While a broad, double-edged economic policy appears to be emerging, numerous details remain to be settled.

One part is likely to involve a series of measures, now totaling 31, that would require new legislation and executive initiatives to change marketing, taxing, banking and pricing procedures, while taking steps to soften the effects of these moves on Soviet consumers.

The other would involve Gorbachev's new, enlarged power to issue presidential decrees to bypass the national parliament and take immediate effect.

Mr. Gorbachev will control critical timetable for the changes. The 31 measures under discussion reportedly include some radical proposals, such as disbanding industrial ministries to allow business enterprises to ultimately come stock companies, with a market being developed.

Whatever economic package finally chosen, the Soviet Union seems likely to see widespread employment and price increases, the government permits some market activities and ends socialist underpinnings.

The measures being considered include several for unemployment insurance, job training and subsidies for the expected increase in numbers of impoverished people during the economic transition.

Mr. Gorbachev's chief assistant in the task of developing the plan is Deputy Prime Minister I. N. Abalkin. The Kremlin is planning to have the plan completed May 1, with its initial measure going into effect in July.

## U.S. Will Query France On Military Pact Stance

Agence France-Press

HAMILTON, Bermuda — President George Bush has said that the possibility of France's return to the integrated military structure of the NATO alliance might be discussed this week during a meeting with President Francois Mitterrand.

Speaking after meeting here with Margaret Thatcher, Mr. Bush said that he and the British prime minister had not specifically addressed the question of France's return to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's military structure.

"But I will be raising with President Mitterrand the whole question of European security, a question in which he is keenly interested," said Mr. Bush, who said that his talks with Mrs. Thatcher were largely confined to such matters as Eastern Europe, the Soviet Union and NATO.

"Our determination to work with France I think is well known," said Mr. Bush, adding that the French "are very important players in Europe."

He and Mr. Mitterrand are to meet Thursday in Florida.

Mr. Bush said that he and Mrs. Thatcher did not want to pursue "a

lot of new initiatives" after their meeting because they wanted to consult with their NATO and European partners.

The question of France returning to NATO's military structure has arisen several times; President Charles de Gaulle withdrew France from it in 1966.

The French defense minister, Jean-Pierre Chevenement, said recently that his government had no interest in rejoining NATO's military structure because of differences in strategic doctrine and the desire of France to preserve its independence in military affairs.

## NATO-U.K. Air Maneuvers

Agence France-Press

LONDON — Air combat forces of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization are to carry out a major exercise over Britain to test the country's anti-aircraft defenses between April 23 and 27, the Royal Air Force has announced. The maneuvers will involve some 1,000 simulated raids on installations in eastern and northern England and northeastern Scotland.

## U.S. Senate Chief Ties Soviet Trade Pact to Lithuania

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Sen. majority leader, George J. Mitchell, said Sunday that completion of a new trade agreement with Soviet Union could be jeopardized if President Mikhail S. Gorbachev carried out his threat to impose an economic blockade on Lithuania.

Mr. Mitchell, who met with Gorbachev last week, said one condition that President George Bush might consider was a "slowdown" on the trade negotiations" as if the Kremlin shut off oil and gas supplies to the Baltic republic.

The trade negotiations could lead to an accord that would grant the Soviet economy by grant the country status as an observer at international trade talks. Officials said that suspension of talks was among options being weighed by the Bush administration.

Mr. Mitchell avoided urging Mr. Bush to suspend the talks predicting how the Senate would vote if an agreement were reached. He added that an economic blockade, "even without violence" would jeopardize the proposed pact.



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## New International Bond Issues

Compiled by G. Jennifer Shapiro

Issuer	Amount (millions)	Mat.	Coups. %	Price	Price and week	Terms
<b>Floating Rate Notes</b>						
Dai-ichi Australia	\$50	2000	0.33	102	—	Over the 6-month Libor. Callable once at par in 1994, switches to a 6 1/8% rate if call option not taken. Denominations \$10,000. Fees 2% (Dai-ichi Kangyo Bank Int'l.)
TMC Fifth Fourth Financing	\$200	2029	0.275	100	—	Over the 3-month Libor. Noncallable. Rates to 0.50% in 2000. Average life 7 years. Denominations \$10,000. Fees 0.34% (Solomon Brothers Int'l.)
Council of Europe	¥10,000	2000	0.40	100	—	Under the Japanese long-term prime rate. Callable 100/20 in 1991 and at par annually thereafter. Redeemable at par in 1997. Fees 0.25% (Daiwa Europe).
<b>Fixed-Coupons</b>						
British Telecommunications	£100	1993	13 1/4	99.45	—	Noncallable. Putable with a £200 million bond issued May 1990. Fees 1.00% (Barclays De Zeeuw World Securities).
Nordic Investment Bank	FWK 300	1993	13 1/4	101 1/4	—	Noncallable. Fees 1.00% (Postbank).
IBM Australia Credit	Aus\$ 75	1992	15 1/2	101.85	—	Noncallable. Fees 1.00% (Westpac Banking).
World Bank	¥45,000	1995	7 1/4	101 1/4	—	Noncallable. Fees 1.00% (JBI Int'l.)

## SOVIET: Payments Are Slowing

(Continued from first finance page) nances have received back payments of what they are owed, while others are in the process of working it out," she said.

The official predicted the payments problem would have no lasting effect on grain trade with the Soviet Union. She said the United States recently sold an additional 300,000 tons.

One industry source said a way of limiting Soviet business was to load ships more slowly, but Transportation Secretary Samuel K. Skinner said he was not aware of a change of any kind in the movement of American grain.

## Dutch Buyer Confident

A Dutch businessman, Joep Van den Nieuwenhuijzen, said he expects to receive Moscow's approval to buy a Soviet industrial company by the end of May, Reuters reported from Amsterdam.

Mr. Van den Nieuwenhuijzen, a specialist in improving results at troubled companies, said he was told by the Soviet Ministry of Fi-

nance in February that his request was the first time someone had asked to take full control of a Soviet company.

Mr. Van den Nieuwenhuijzen said Saturday that he would put up between \$5 million and \$10 million as collateral for a ruble loan to buy the Camash company near Moscow.

He will keep half the equity with the other half going to the 2,000 workers under a separate loan plan. The loans will be repaid through the company's ruble profits.

"We hope to have a final 'yes' by the end of May. That is what has been indicated to us," he said.

"What we will be doing is buying the assets of the company: the buildings, the workers' houses, everything," Mr. Van den Nieuwenhuijzen said.

Camash, which has a foundry and machine shops, produces equipment ranging from cement tanks to conveyor belt systems. But Mr. Van den Nieuwenhuijzen plans to develop food packaging and distribution equipment and ultimately export the products.

## Fed's Intentions Uncertain Following 4 Steady Months

NEW YORK — The U.S. Federal Reserve Board has introduced an element of uncertainty into its policy intentions after four months of nearly unquestioned devotion to steady interest rates.

Most economists believe the Fed is on hold, not swaying from the 8.25 percent interest rate target it has engineered for overnight loans between banks.

But some economists question whether the Fed, yielding to political pressure, is willing to ease rates a bit to help the yen. The yen has fallen sharply against the dollar during 1990, and this has seriously disrupted Japanese markets.

The theory was sparked by the Fed's unusually heavy injection of cash into the banking system over the past week — much more liquidity than economists expected. Most of the reserves came in the form of an aggressive open-market purchase of Treasury bills for delivery last Thursday.

Economists said that if the Fed was intent on an addition of reserves to ease interest rates, now is a good time to camouflage it. The Fed ordinarily adds permanent reserves to the banking system at this time of year in anticipation of heavy bank withdrawals to pay U.S. personal income taxes in mid-April.

Admittedly, said Steve Sifer, an economist at Shearson Lehman Hutton Inc., the theory seems far-fetched. Historically, the Fed puts currency considerations behind domestic economic considerations.

But, asked Mr. Sifer, how else can one explain the \$4.9 billion of Treasury securities the Fed bought in the open market and from other central banks over the last week?

## Euromarkets At a Glance

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 11	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## Weekly Sales

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## Libor Rates

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## U.S. Treasury Bonds

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## U.S. Consumer Rates

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## WALL STREET REVIEW

Figures as of close of trading Friday, April 13.

## NYSE Most Active

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Most Active

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## NYSE Sales

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Sales

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## NYSE Dividends

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Dividends

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## NYSE Yields

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Yields

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## NYSE Volatility

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Volatility

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## NYSE Liquidity

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	Apr. 12	Apr. 4
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42
U.S. 6 1/8% 5 yrs	94.42	94.42

Source: Euromarkets Stock Exchange

## AMEX Liquidity



**\*C Consolidated trading for week ended Friday, April 13.**

Consolidated trading for week ended Friday, April 13.

		Sales in 1936				High	Low	Class	Notes
No.	Name	1936	1935	1934	1933				
1	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
2	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
3	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
4	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
5	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
6	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
7	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
8	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
9	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
10	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
11	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
12	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
13	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
14	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
15	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
16	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
17	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
18	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
19	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
20	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
21	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
22	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
23	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
24	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
25	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
26	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
27	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
28	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
29	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
30	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
31	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
32	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
33	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
34	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
35	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
36	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
37	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
38	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
39	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
40	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
41	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
42	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
43	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
44	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
45	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
46	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
47	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
48	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
49	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
50	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
51	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
52	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
53	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
54	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
55	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
56	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
57	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
58	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
59	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
60	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
61	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
62	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
63	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
64	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
65	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
66	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
67	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
68	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
69	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
70	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
71	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
72	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
73	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
74	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
75	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
76	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
77	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
78	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
79	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
80	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
81	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
82	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
83	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
84	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
85	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
86	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
87	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
88	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
89	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
90	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
91	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
92	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
93	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
94	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
95	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
96	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
97	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
98	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
99	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W
100	Adams	32	36	35	34	31	28	31	W

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41	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000
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# Seoul Stock Prices Hit 17-Month Low

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches  
SEOUL — Share prices on South Korea's Stock Exchange dropped sharply Saturday, hitting their lowest levels in 17 months on concerns about the country's sluggish economy.

The composite index, the main measure of Korean stocks, closed at 793.14 on Saturday, down 10 points from Friday, 1988, when it ended at 787.16.

The drop below the psychological support level of 800 raised concern among traders that the stock market may sink further. Share prices have fallen steadily since hitting an all-time high of 1,007 on April 1 of last year.

Analysts attributed the fall to South Korea's lackluster economic performance. The nation's economy grew only 6.5 percent last year after three successive years of double-digit growth. The forecast for this year is also gloomy, with exports, the main mover of the Korean economy, declining.

Last year's 6.5 percent growth rate is still high by international standards. Analysts also attributed declining stock prices to rampant housing and land speculation, which continues to siphon money from the

stock market. Land prices have jumped nearly 50 percent in the past year.

Saturday's sharp drop in stocks also reflected investors' disappointment with new government measures, announced earlier in the day, to curb land speculation.

Taiwan's stock market also sank on Saturday. Prices lost ground for the second day, but they closed well off their lows after heavily-weighted financial shares staged a partial come-back, dealers said.

The weighted index dropped 167.60 points, or 1.7 percent, to finish at 9,433.72 compared with Friday's 9,603.72. Turnover was 74 billion Taiwan dollars (\$2.8 billion) against 103.5 billion dollars.

(AP, Reuters)

**Speculation Crackdown**  
Announcing a crackdown on real estate speculation, a Korean government spokesman said "speculators in real estate will be identified, taxed heavily and punished for irregularities," Reuters reported.

The spokesman quoted Deputy Prime Minister Lee Seung-yun as telling a meeting of economic planners that controlling run-away land prices was the most urgent task they faced.

## WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW

### Amsterdam

The market remained hesitant and share prices drifted on the Amsterdam market. A 1 percent loss early in the week was partly offset Thursday.

The CBS all-share index closed Thursday, the week's last trading day, at 1963.3, down from 1972.2 the previous week.

Turnover declined to 7 billion guilders for the week, with 2.3 billion in equities. The previous week, volume was 7.3 billion guilders with 3.5 billion in equities.

The Kempen & Co. brokerage said its short-term view of the Amsterdam market remained positive because it expected an optimistic tone at annual shareholders' meeting to be held over the next few weeks.

(AP, Reuters)

**Frankfurt**  
The Frankfurt market settled back, taking a breather in the short-term view of the market after its 10 percent gain in the first three months of the year.

The DAX index declined 29.67 points from the previous Friday, to 1,918.17, while the Commerzbank index shed 62.1 points, or 2.5 percent, to 2,340.8.

Volume on the eight West German exchanges dropped to 25.9 billion Deutsche marks for the

shortened week, down from 50.70 billion.

Investor caution in the face of a rise in interest rates linked to negotiations on German monetary union, a disappointing showing on the bond market and volatile Tokyo trading helped bring the market down.

The week's consolidation came as no surprise, and many analysts said it was desirable following recent rises.

The market ended the week Thursday on a confused note following rumors, swiftly denied, that German monetary union could be implemented within days. The new East German government was putting forward a date of July 1.

The auto sector was particularly hit by losses, with BMW losing 16 Deutsche marks to 594, Volkswagen down 18 to 593, and Daimler-Benz shedding 24 to 93.

(AP, Reuters)

**Hong Kong**  
Share prices rose in a narrow trading range.

The Hang Seng Index gained 39.57 points, or 1.3 percent, to close at 2,995.69 on Thursday before the Easter holiday break.

Average volume declined to 991 million Hong Kong dollars from the previous week's 1.16 billion dollars.

A spurt of buying interest pushed

up the index ahead of the holiday. Despite lack of new trading incentives, the bullish preholiday market was prompted by buying interest on the eve of a four-day market closure, dealers said. Normal trading is to resume on Tuesday.

**London**

Prices edged higher in slow trading. Attempts of the market to stage a significant rally were thwarted by the weakness of the pound as domestic economic indicators pointed to continuing inflationary pressure.

The Financial Times 100-share index languished for much of the week below 2,220, at one stage hitting its lowest since November last year. It ended the week only 0.7 point higher, at 2,222.1. Operators nevertheless said that there was evidence of good support above 2,200 points.

Business was extremely slow ahead of the break, with less than 300 million shares changing hands per day on Monday and Wednesday.

The retail and building sectors were hit by poor trading results from Next and French Connection among others, and Costain, RMC and Taylor Woodrow in the building sector.

Success of the P & O and Chelfield bid for Laing Properties through P & O's subsidiary, Pall Mall Properties, prompted speculation that other troubled companies would become bid targets.

BAT Industries said after the California Insurance Department ruled against proposals for the takeover of its insurance subsidiary, Farmers Group, by the Hovelt consortium and Am-Midi of France. The ruling is seen as a setback to Hovelt's plans to re-launch its £13.5 billion bid for BAT.

Glaxo strengthened after a presentation of a new anti-AIDS drug for which it has marketing rights.

**Milan**

Stocks got off to a slow start but finished the week higher.

The MIB index gained 1.79 percent, closing Friday at 1,025 compared with 1,007 a week earlier. The Comit indicator was up 1.69 percent, to 703.64. Volume rose to an average 80 million shares a day from 58 million the previous week.

Most leading shares were stable until Wednesday but made good progress in the last two sessions. The De Benedetti group was strong, with Olivetti up 4.35 percent on the week and CIR 3.87 percent.

Fiat tacked on 3.59 percent, and Enimont rose 4.21 percent.

Traders said that the Milan market was benefiting from Asian funds flowing into European and North American markets, and they added that the coming week should show the same kind of increase.

**Paris**

The Bourse remained at record highs, thanks to massive buying by foreign investors impressed by the French economy, analysts said.

The CAC-40 index finished the four-day trading week at a record high of 2,116.66. The Bourse has jumped by 10.5 percent in three weeks, and on the basis of the CAC-40 indicator, prices are now 5.7 percent above their level at the start of the year.

(AP, Reuters)

**NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET**

OTC Consolidated trading for week ended Friday, April 13.

(Continued)

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## BUSINESS BRIEFS

### French Firm Gets Iranian Contract

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iran has awarded a French company a \$230 million contract to rebuild the Kharg Island oil terminal, the world's biggest, the Kayhan newspaper reported Sunday.

Société Entrepore pour le Travaux Pétroliers Maritimes, a unit of GTM-Entrepore, which helped build the Kharg Island terminal in the early 1970s, won the contract from the Iranian national oil company. The terminal was badly damaged during Iran's eight-year war with Iraq, which ended in 1988.

The work, to be carried out with the Iranian company Sadra, is expected to take two years. Almost all of Iran's exports of crude oil pass through Kharg.

### Singapore Bank Starts ASEAN Fund

SINGAPORE (Reuters) — The Development Bank of Singapore Ltd. said Sunday it would launch an open-ended unit trust on Monday that will invest primarily in emerging growth companies listed on Southeast Asian stock exchanges or traded over the counter in the region.

The Shenton Emerging Capital Fund is being managed by DBS Venture Investments Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary and venture capital investment arm of the DBS Bank. The minimum initial investment in the fund is 1,000 Singapore dollars (\$533) and 500 dollars for every subsequent investment, the DBS bank said in a statement.

The fund may also invest in listed companies, or other stock markets outside the ASEAN region, it said.

### Israeli Inflation Rate Rises in March

JERUSALEM (AFP) — Israel's price index showed a rise of 1.2 percent for March, compared with a 0.5 percent rise for the same month last year, the Central Statistics Bureau said Sunday.

The rise was due to a six percent drop in the value of the shekel and an increase of one percent in the value-added tax, the bureau said. Israeli inflation averaged 20.7 percent in 1989.

### India's Jute Export Earnings Rise

NEW DELHI (AFP) — India's jute export earnings rose to \$165 million in the financial year ended in March, topping the previous year's figure by \$13 million, the Press Trust of India reported Saturday.

The agency was citing provisional government figures that showed a two-year reversal of an earlier downward spiral in jute export earnings.

### UPS Expansion at Anchorage Airport

ANCHORAGE, Alaska (Reuters) — United Parcel Service, seeking the right to ship cargo to the lucrative Japanese market, has announced plans for a \$12.5 million expansion of its shipping center at Anchorage International Airport.

The expansion, to include a building and ramp and fuel lines on land leased from the airport, will allow UPS to add four planes to its center, a spokesman said Friday. UPS, the world's largest delivery company, currently makes four flights a day through Anchorage.

### US West Plans Major Stock Offering

ENGLEWOOD, Colorado (AP) — U.S. West Inc. has filed plans to make its first stock offering in its six-year history to raise about \$525 million for several projects, company officials said.

In a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the telecommunications company disclosed plans to offer 14 million new shares of common stock. The new shares will be offered after a 2-for-1 stock split, which the company announced on April 6. The split and the stock offering are designed to raise interest in the company among small investors, a company spokesman said.

Money raised by the sale will help fund several pending projects including expansion of core-phone service in the company's 14-state service region, U.S. West said. The money also will help the company expand its financial services arm and finance cable-television projects in Hong Kong and Britain, it said.

The offering will bring the total number of outstanding U.S. West shares to 389.1 million.

### For the Record

Lee A. Iacocca's salary as chairman of Chrysler Corp. rose last year, but his total compensation fell slightly, to \$3,406,629, because he was not paid a bonus, according to an annual proxy statement released by the company. This is the first time that Chrysler has withheld executive cash bonuses since 1982, when the company was struggling back from the brink of bankruptcy. (NYT)

The United States and the Soviet Union have tentatively agreed to hold trade talks in Paris on Moscow's aim to gain most-favored-nation trade status, from April 24 to 26, a U.S. Embassy spokeswoman said. The status would allow Soviet exports to the United States to enter with the lowest duties. (Reuters)

Japanica Partners, a privately held investment firm, said it would begin a cash tender offer April 14 of \$56.6 million for the debt securities of Allegheny International and its Chemtron subsidiary. Allegheny and several subsidiaries filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in 1988. (Reuters)

(Continued)

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## CHICAGO EXCHANGE OPTIONS

Figures as of close of trading Friday, April 13.

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# MONDAY SPORTS

## Kings Oust '89 Champion Flames

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

The Los Angeles Kings have eliminated the defending Stanley Cup champions from the National Hockey League playoffs for the second straight year, beating the Calgary Flames, 4-3, in double overtime in Inglewood, California.

Mike Krushelnyski scored the winning goal 3:14 into the second overtime Saturday night as the Kings won their Smythe Division semifinal series in six games, 4-2.

"I didn't know it went in," said Krushelnyski, who was lying face down on the ice when the puck went in for the winning goal. "All I heard was a big scream."

The Kings, who knocked off the NHL champion Edmonton Oilers in last year's playoffs, advanced to the division final series against the winner of the Edmonton-Winnipeg series, which was 3-3 after Edmonton's 4-3 victory Saturday.

In the Patrick Division, the New York Rangers won their semifinal series, 4-1, with a 6-5 victory over the New York Islanders on Friday.

Steve Duchesne's second goal of the night, off Wayne Gretzky's second assist, gave the Kings a 3-3 tie with 1:43 left in regulation. Joe Mullen had scored with 4:12 left to give the Flames a 3-2 lead.

The Kings became the fifth team in NHL history to eliminate consecutive Stanley Cup champions. The Oilers were the New York Rangers in 1932-33, the Montreal Maroons in 1934-35, the Detroit Red Wings in 1941-42 and the Rangers in 1972-73.

Oilers 4, Jets 3: In Winnipeg, Manitoba, Jari Kurri scored the game-winning midway through the third period as Edmonton kept its playoff hopes alive.

Kurri ended a string of three straight Winnipeg goals with his rising slapshot inside the stick-side post at 13:10.

The Oilers are attempting to become the seventh NHL team to win a playoff series after falling behind, 3-1, in games. They were on the losing side the last time the feat was accomplished — last season when the Kings overcame a 3-1 deficit to win their Smythe semifinal.

### NHL PLAYOFFS

North Stars 5, Blackhawks 3: In Bloomington, Minnesota, Perry Berezan and Neal Broten scored in a 1:23 span of the first period as the North Stars forced a seventh game. Chicago goalie Greg Miller did not make it into the second period for the third time this series.

In Friday night's games, United Press International reported: Rangers 6, Islanders 5: In New York, Mike Gartner netted a hat trick to lead the Rangers.

The goals, which helped the Rangers dispose of their local rivals in five bruising games, were his first three of the 1990 playoffs.

Gartner netted the first and last goals for the Rangers in the game, but it was his second goal that turned the tide.

Patrick Division Capitals 4, Devils 3: In East Rutherford, New Jersey, Dino Ciccarelli scored his NHL-leading eighth playoff goal to end a third-period tie and push New Jersey to the brink of elimination.

It gave Washington, the series underdog, a 3-2 advantage. The Capitals took a 1-0 lead into the second period, but had to come back from a 2-1 deficit with a three-goal third period.

Goaltender Don Beaupre won his second straight game, with 21 saves, giving New Jersey two straight losses for the first time in its four playoff series.

Adam's Division Bruins 3, Whalers 2: In Boston, Cam Neely's second goal of the game, scored short-handed late in the second period, gave Boston a 3-2 series lead.

The Bruins, who killed nine minutes of penalties in the second period, also scored twice on power plays.

With the score 2-2, Hartford went on a power play after Lyndon Byers was called for slashing at 17:23. However, Neely scored an unassisted goal on a wristshot from the top of the right circle, beating goaltender Peter Sidorkiewicz inside the far post.

Canadiens 4, Sabres 2: In Buffalo, New York, Stephane Richer scored twice and Bobby Smith had a goal and an assist to boost Montreal to a 3-2 series lead.

The Canadiens erased a 1-0 deficit by scoring three times in the second period. Richer scored at 18:25, his fifth goal of the playoffs and second of the game, after faking a pass in front of the net and firing the puck off goalie Daren Puppe's leg pad for a 3-2 lead.

It was the Canadiens' first lead of the game. Richer's first goal came at 7:51 of the second period when he left defenseman Doug Bodger trailing and beat Puppe, making the score 1-1.

It also features Zeleke Mestafira of Ethiopia, the 1989 World Cup champion; Simon Robert Neale of Tanzania, the 1989 Honolulu Marathon champion; Alejandro Cruz of Mexico, the 1988 Chicago Marathon winner, and former Boston winner Geoff Smith of Britain (1984-85) and Greg Meyer of the United States (1983).

"It will be like '87, which also had a great field," said Jones, a 38-year-old, the star-filled marathon produced a slow, tactical race won by Toshihiko Seko of Japan in 2:11:50, nearly four minutes off the course record.

Ikanaga and several other African runners are likely to be in the lead pack. "The Africans will dictate the pace," Jones said. "They like to get out in front, no matter what kind of race it is."

Meyer said: "It's a great field. I know the top guys have pointed toward this." Ikanaga lost to Hussein by one second in 1988 and was 50 seconds behind the 1989 winner, Abebe Mekonnen of Ethiopia.

While withholding details of his strategy for Monday, Ikanaga said: "I know what I have to do. I don't have to follow somebody's pace."

Bordin set a personal best of 2:09:27 when he finished fourth in the 1988 Boston Marathon. The Italian prefers to pick up his pace during a

## 'Great' Field Likely to Slow Boston's Pace

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

BOSTON — The field at the 94th Boston Marathon is being described as great, which is why Steve Jones does not expect a fast time.

The former holder of the world best will be joined Monday at the marathon's starting line by the 1988 Olympic champion, Gelindo Bordin of Italy; Juma Ikangaa of Tanzania, the world's top-ranked marathoner in 1989, the runner-up in the last two Boston marathons and last year's New York City Marathon winner; Ibrahim Hussein of Kenya, the 1987 New York City winner and 1988 Boston champion; and Rob de Castella of Australia, the 1986 Boston winner in a course-record 2:07:51.

It also features Zeleke Mestafira of Ethiopia, the 1989 World Cup champion; Simon Robert Neale of Tanzania, the 1989 Honolulu Marathon champion; Alejandro Cruz of Mexico, the 1988 Chicago Marathon winner, and former Boston winner Geoff Smith of Britain (1984-85) and Greg Meyer of the United States (1983).

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Juma Ikangaa of Tanzania, the world's top-ranked marathoner: "I know what I have to do. I don't have to follow somebody's pace."

marathon, resulting in a faster time over the final 13 miles (21 kilometers) of the 26-mile, 385-yard Boston race than his performance, he said.

"If you start too fast here, it's hard to win," he said. "This course lets you run your own race."

John Treacy of Ireland played a waiting game last year, when he finished third. Ikanaga and Mekonnen were part of the lead pack, which distanced itself from the field.

"It's very hard to catch a pack," Treacy said. "They share the work."

Leading the women's field are Rosa Mota of Portugal, the 1988 Olympic gold medalist and 1987 and 1988 Boston winner; Veronique Martot of Britain, the world's No. 2-ranked marathoner and winner of the 1989 London Marathon; Kim Jones of the United States, ranked third in the world and winner of last year's Twin Cities Marathon; Zoya Ivanova of the Soviet Union, the 1989 Los Angeles Marathon champion, and Laura Fogli of Italy, two-time runner-up in the New York City Marathon.

The outstanding men's and women's fields appear to have been somewhat overshadowed by the controversy over the validity of the course for record purposes.

Technically, there are no world records for marathons, only world bests, because courses throughout the world are not standardized. But if any runner goes under the men's world best of 2:05:50, set by Belayskiy, Densimo of Ethiopia in Rotterdam in 1988, or under the women's world best of 2:21:06, by Ingrid Kristiansen of Norway in London in 1985, it will not be recognized by the governing body of the sport in the United States.

That body, The Athletics Congress, has passed legislation that eliminated point-to-point records for road race courses.

That meant that courses that go downhill more than one meter per kilometer — about 42 meters for a kilometer — or those in which the start and finish are further apart than 30 percent of the race distance, or about 13 kilometers, would not count for record-keeping purposes. Boston falls into both categories.

Gary Moore, race director of the Boston Marathon, called the new rule "overly stringent" and said it "should be repealed."

At a meeting in Indianapolis in February, Peter Riegel, chairman of the congress's Road Running Technical Committee, asked Boston representatives for a suggestion as to how Boston could be included for record purposes.

"If you can help us out this knot, we'd be grateful," Riegel said.

So far, the knot is still tied and the issue will come up for review in November at the congress's convention in Seattle.

There are several runners in Monday's field who appear capable of running under the world bests of Densimo and Kristiansen.

TAC has emphasized that it does not want to eliminate Boston marks from the record books nor in any way discredit the world's most venerable marathon.

But the congress wants conformity, and Boston has been caught in the dilemma.

Beal Honikman, the congress's long-distance records chairman, said the new guidelines were written to "create a framework for a valid set of records."

At present, the International Amateur Athletic Federation, the world governing body for the sport, does not recognize road race records because of the variables in the courses.

Jack Mahoney, sports marketing consultant for John Hancock Financial Services, which sponsors the Boston and New York City races, said about the controversy: "Shakespeare had it right: It's Much Ado About Nothing."

(UPI, AP)

## SIDELINES

### Liverpool Soccer Fans Commemorate Deaths

LIVERPOOL, England (AP) — Some 15,000 of English soccer's noisiest fans stood in respectful silence Sunday in memory of the 95 who died a year ago at the Hillsborough Stadium in Britain's worst sports tragedy.

Liverpool's Anfield Stadium, 60 miles (96 kilometers) across north England from Hillsborough Stadium in Sheffield, was transformed from a soccer field into a makeshift church as fans, Liverpool players and relatives of the dead were united in a service of remembrance.

Lord, match-day chanting was replaced by prayers for the 95 who died at Hillsborough during the Football Association Cup semifinal between Liverpool and Nottingham Forest.

Tyson-Foran Fight in Fall At Verbal Agreement Stage

RENO, Nevada (UPI) — An agreement has been reached for Mike Tyson, the dethroned heavyweight champion, to fight George Foreman, another former champion, next fall, according to a promoter for Foreman.

A deal has been "made between myself, Bob Arum and Don King for George and Tyson to fight in the fall," Ron Weathers said Friday.

Lee Samuels, a spokesman for Arum's Top Rank Boxing, said a verbal agreement had been reached, but that both Foreman, who is to fight Mike Jameson on Tuesday night in Stateline, Nevada, and Tyson must win bouts in June in Las Vegas. Foreman, 42, would fight Adonis Rodriguez of Brazil, Tyson another top heavyweight.

Player Leads Nicklaus, Trevino In Seniors Golf Championship

PALM BEACH GARDENS, Florida (AP) — Gary Player, with a front-side 29, shot into a five-stroke lead Saturday in the PGA Seniors Championship. He carded seven-under par 65 and was at 208 for the tournament.

Jack Nicklaus, who opened with 68, and Lee Trevino, who rallied Friday with 67, were the only others under par entering Sunday's final round. Nicklaus carded 67-213, Trevino 70-214.

Payne Stewart, seeking to become the first golfer to win the Heritage Classic in consecutive years, shot five-under-par 66 Saturday for a two-stroke lead over Greg Norman (67) of Australia, Masters champ Nick Faldo (70) of England and Steve Jones (66) of the United States on Hilton Head Island, South Carolina.

For the Record

Eric Van Lancker became the first Belgian in 12 years to win the Liege-Bastogne-Liege bicycle race when he finished 35 seconds ahead of Jean-Claude Leclercq of France in Sunday's fourth race of the World Cup season. (AP)

Dave Stockton, a two-time winner of the PGA Championship and one of the most tenacious competitors in golf, was named Saturday as the U.S. Ryder Cup captain for the 1991 matches at Kiawah Island, South Carolina. (UPI)

Summer Squall, expected to be the second choice to win the Kentucky Derby on May 5, won the \$284,625 Blue Grass Stakes on Saturday at Lexington, Kentucky, beating Lord of the Rings by 1 3/4 lengths. (UPI)

Rocky Casanova, the former world middleweight champion, remained in serious condition Sunday in New York, a week after suffering a stroke. (AP)

Mike McCallum, a New York-based journalist, knocked out Michael Watson of Britain in the 11th round Saturday night in London to retain his World Boxing Association middleweight title. (AP)

Michael Nunn defended his International Boxing Federation middleweight title Saturday night in Las Vegas with a majority decision over fellow American Marlon Starling. (UPI)

Gianfranco Rosi of Italy retained his IBF junior middleweight title Saturday in Monte Carlo by stopping Kevin Daigle of the United States in the seventh round. (AP)

Kim Men Nam of North Korea set a world lightweight snatch record of 162.5 kilograms (358.4 pounds) at the Varna (Bulgaria) International Weightlifting Tournament on Saturday. He broke the mark of 160 kilograms set by Izrail Mikolayev of the Soviet Union at the 1989 World Championships. (UPI)

## It's a Very Grand Day When a Man Wins 134 Grand

By Andrew Beyer

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Playing the horses is the greatest game in the world, and I do not say this only because I was one of 10 people who held a winning \$134,161.80 ticket on Fimlico's double-triple.

Donald Trump probably earns more money while asleep than I made on the best day of my 33 years as a horse player. But how many people get to experience the sense of anticipation, the tension, the dreams of glory and the pulsating excitement that all of us felt during these extraordinary days as the double-triple pool grew to such a stupendous level?

After the jackpot had reached \$1 million Friday afternoon, and I had done my preliminary study of Saturday's third and fifth races, I was obsessed. I could neither think nor talk about anything but the double-triple. For while most of the previous days' races had been so inscrutable as to be almost unbettable, Saturday's card looked decipherable.

The third race had two or three obviously solid, consistent horses. By contrast, the fifth was a rock-bottom maiden claiming race in which no entry seemed to have any ability. But after a couple of hours in the video-replay center at Laurel's Sports Palace, watching films of every horse's previous race, I concluded that at least half of those horses were so totally devoid of talent that they couldn't possibly finish in the money. I could win this impossible-looking race by the process of elimination — and I could hit the double-triple.

I covered pages of paper with possible strategies, and even my dreams went something like this: "I'll box 4-10-12 to get alive so

I can play 1-10-11 over 1-2-9-10-11-12. Then I'll come back and play 4-10-12 with 4-10-12 with 3-6-8-11 so I can come back and play 1-10-11 with 1-10-11 with 1-2-10-11-12 and maybe a few savers with the 10 on top." I had a restless night. Every hour or two I'd wake up and announce to my wife, "We're going to hit it!" then return to my fitful slumber.

In the morning I phoned all of my regular compatriots at Laurel to announce, "We're going to hit it today. Be there." While playing the horses is usually a solitary pursuit, I like my friends to take a small slice of my investment — for moral rather than financial support. If I ever hit a monumental payoff, I want people to help me celebrate.

As I walked into the Sports Palace, a parking-lot attendant, Bob Vogelvang, wished me a cheery "Good luck" as he does every day of a big double-triple carryover. I said, "Bob, I am going to hit it; give me a 20." Vogelvang forked over \$20 for roughly two-fifths of 1 percent of the double-triple investment.

On the 24th Day, Bettors Flocked to the Tracks

BALTIMORE — After 23 days in which it both captivated and unmoved bettors, the double-triple monster was felled Saturday, 10 ticket holders each grossing \$134,161.80.

With a double-triple pool of more than \$13 million — second-highest in Maryland thoroughbred racing history — Fimlico and interbreeding partner Laurel were swamped with horseplayers. Excluding Preakness Day, the program generated an

unprecedented mutual handle of \$4,277,722. The double-triple alone enticed \$829,617 in wagers from a combined crowd of 19,319.

The 10 winners had to pick the correct order of finish — first, second and third — in the third and fifth races.

Officials said five of the winning tickets were bought at Fimlico, five at Laurel. Two winners declined to be named; the names of the others were not released. But their after-tax payoff was \$107,329.

Even two hours before post time, the atmosphere at Laurel was electric. I bumped into the trainer Bud Deh, who was surveying the scene with the same sense of amazement, and said, "There's just nothing like this" — a considerable statement from a man who had won the Kentucky Derby and the Preakness with Spectacular Bid.

When they played the national anthem, my friend Carlos Meyer remarked, "It feels like the World Series is about to start." Indeed, I've never been as excited before a Kentucky Derby or a World Series as I was before the claiming race that started the double-triple.

I had invested \$4,578 — the second-largest wager of my life — and was relieved to see the third race go just as figured, with the two formidable speed horses, Barong and Departing Dream, fighting for the lead and dominating. I had used them with a batch of horses in the third spot, and when the race was over I held 26 "live" tickets.

If the atmosphere had been electric before, it was now as frenetic as the floor of the New York Stock Exchange. Virtually every syndicate that had made a good-sized investment had at least a winning ticket, and everyone seemed to be asking everyone else, "Do you want to do business?" By joining forces, bettors with a few tickets would be able to greatly increase their chances of winning.

I spurned all such offers: I had come to the track with a sheet of paper listing the 26 combinations I would play in this situation, and I didn't waver. The core of my play in the fifth was to use Nos. 1, 10 and 11 first and second, with 2 and 12 added in the third spot.

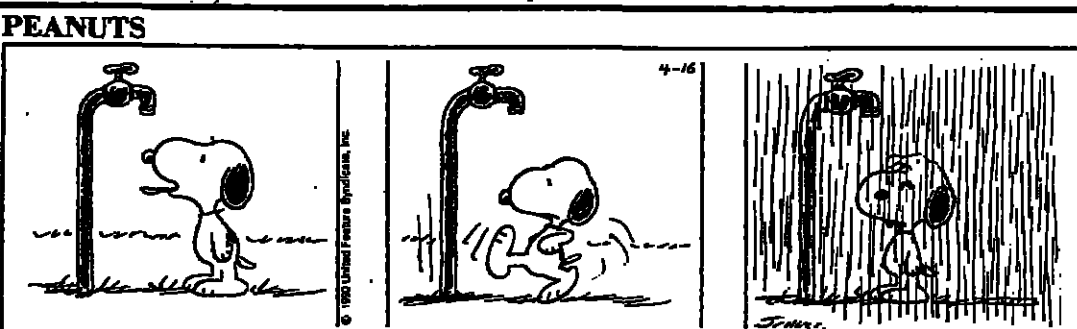
I never even had to root. My horses controlled the race from the start. At the top of the stretch they were running 11-12-2-10, and had they stayed that way I might have won the entire \$13 million. But when they finished 11-1-2, I was not complaining. I have spent many, many years and a ridiculous amount of effort trying to win a six-digit payoff at a race track, and I had finally done it.

After poring out stacks of \$100 bills to my partners and drinking a champagne toast, I headed to the parking lot — where Bob Vogelvang gave me an expectant look. When I said, "We did it," and handed him his winnings, he let out a whoop, leaped into the air and almost clicked his heels. Even when you've won two-fifths of 1 percent of the double-triple, this feels like the greatest game in the world.

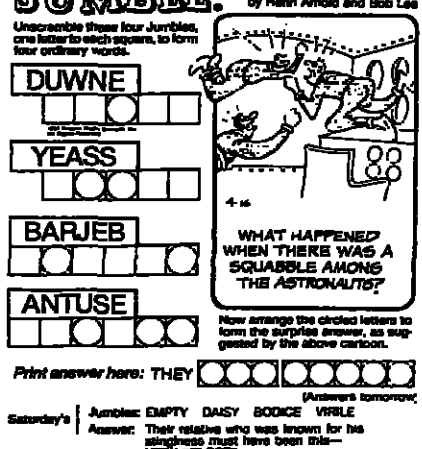
Editor's note: Andrew Beyer, the Post's longtime horse racing columnist, is one of the world's luckiest men in more ways than one: ever since he skipped a final exam at Harvard to put down at bet at a track, he has been combining gainful hobby with gainful employment.



DENNIS THE MENACE



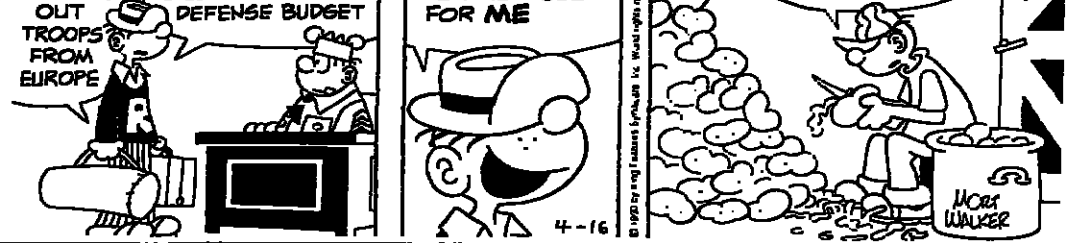
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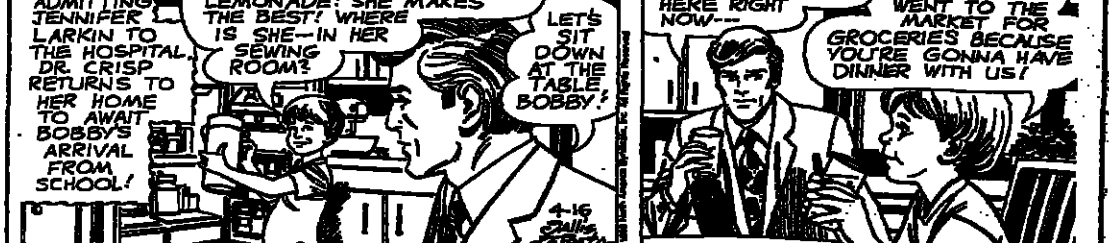
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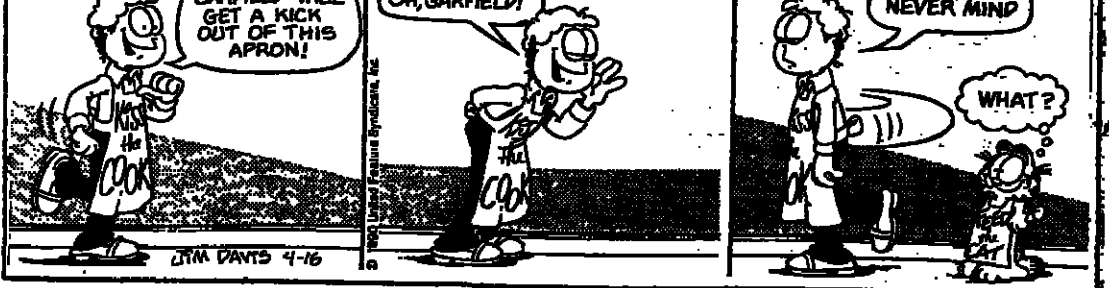
ANDY CAPP



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN



GARFIELD

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UPKWSA



## MONDAY SPORTS

## Graf Romps to Victory Over Sánchez Vicario; Edberg Wins in Tokyo

AMELIA ISLAND, Florida — Steffi Graf won one of her few titles that had eluded her as the world's top-ranked women's tennis player with a 6-1, 6-0 rout of Arantxa Sánchez Vicario on Sunday in the Bausch & Lomb Championships here.

Graf dominated the first meeting between the two on clay since the 1989 French Open final and avenged a loss that cost her a second straight Grand Slam.

The victory was the 47th of the West German's career and extended her winning streak to 57 matches. It was her first title since 1987 at Amelia Island, but she won that championship before becoming No. 1 in August.

Graf, playing her first tournament since breaking her leg in a skiing accident in February, struggled to beat Carling Bassett-Seguso and Natalia Zvereva in matches leading up to the final, but had full command of her game against Sánchez Vicario.

She broke the Spaniard for a 3-1 lead in the first set and on the next nine games to finish the match in 47 minutes. Sánchez Vicario won just eight points in the second set.

## Edberg Wins After Lendl Is Upset

Stefan Edberg, of Sweden, rallying from 2-4 deficits in each set, beat Aaron Krickstein of the United States, 6-4, 5-7, Sunday to win the men's singles title in the \$1.15 million Japan Open Tennis Tournament in Tokyo. The Associated Press reported.

It was Edberg's third championship in the tournament and improved his record against Krickstein, the fourth seed, to two victories against three defeats.

Krickstein had shocked an erratic Ivan Lendl on Saturday, beating the top seed, 6-3, 5-7, 6-4, to reach the final. Lendl, the world's top-ranked player, had 18 aces but was to Krickstein for the first time in five matches.

In Sunday's women's final, top-seeded Catarina Lindqvist of Sweden beat sixth-seeded Elizabeth Smylie of Australia, 6-3, 6-2.

In the first set against Edberg, Krickstein broke in the second and fourth games for a 2-1 lead but Edberg broke back the seventh and ninth games. In the second set, Krickstein broke in the sixth game for a 2-1 lead as Edberg again hitting volleys into the net, but Edberg broke back in the seventh game after five deuces.

He won the 10th game without losing a point and broke the next game after two deuces, then began the 12th game with an ace, his fifth of the match. At the match point, he hit a ground stroke that Krickstein was unable to reach.



Lou Whitaker, the Tigers' second baseman, and Cal Ripken both saw the double play that ended the top of the first inning Saturday. The Orioles won, 7-4.

## Reds Power Past Braves, 13-6

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

Eric Davis and Chris Sabo ripped three-run homers to power Cincinnati to a 13-6 victory over the Braves in Atlanta on Sunday, keeping the Reds unbeaten in five games this season.

Cincinnati's 4-0 start is its best since 1980 when the Reds won their first eight games. They are the only major league team undefeated so far this season.

Davis' first homer of the season capped a four-run seventh inning that erased a 4-2 Atlanta lead. Sabo, who hit two homers against Atlanta on Friday, finished a seven-run ninth to break the game open.

Braves starter Tom Glavín was working with a 4-2 lead and the Reds had two out and none on in the seventh before Sabo began the winning rally with a single. He took third on Billy Hatcher's single, and scored on Barry Larkin's single to make it 4-3 and chase Glavín.

Dwight Gooden came on to pitch to Davis, who launched a 2-0 pitch over the left fence to make it 6-4.

Larkin and Mariano Duncan singled home runs in the ninth, and Paul O'Neill added a third single before Sabo homered to left to make it 13-4. Atlanta's Mark Lemke doubled home two runs in the ninth off Randy Myers.

Pirates 4, Cubs 3: In Pittsburgh, Sid Bream's run-scoring single in the 10th inning off Los Angeles, the first run off Chicago's bullpen in 20½ innings this season, and Bobby Bonilla's three-run homer gave boosted the Pirates.

The Cubs, who held the Pirates to eight hits and one run in winning the first two games of the series, were trying for only their second three-game sweep in Pittsburgh since June 1957.

With the score tied at 3, Andy Van Slyke singled to start the 10th against Lancaster, who had worked a scoreless eighth and ninth. Pin-

chitter John Cangelosi popped out trying to bunt, but Lancaster, who had been unscathed upon in six innings, walked R.T. Reynolds.

Bream, who entered the game in the eighth as a pinch hitter, bounced a single up the middle, scoring Van Slyke standing up for the winning run.

Phillies 4, Cardinals 0: In Philadelphia, Dennis Cook allowed seven hits in 8½ innings and Len Dykstra

had four hits and scored three runs.

Cook gave up a leadoff single in the ninth to Willie McGee and left with two outs when Terry Pendleton doubled, sending McGee to third. McGee was the first runner to reach third against Cook.

Tigers 6, Orioles 4: In an American League game in Detroit, Mark Salas hit a two-run homer in the eighth to boost the Tigers, giving Dan Petry his first victory in a Detroit uniform in more than two seasons.

The score tied at 4, Gary Ward singled off Jay Aldrich to bring on Joe Price. One out later, Juan Bau-

tista relieved Price and got pinch-hitter Tracy Jones on a grounder that moved pinch-runner Ken Williams to third. Salas then hit a 1-1 pitch into the right-field stands.

Yankees 3, Rangers 1: In New York, Rick Cerone and Steve Sax hit RBI singles in the eighth as the Yankees rallied for three runs against Texas' relief ace Jeff Russell.

Charlie Hough limited the Yankees to just two singles and took a 1-0 lead into the eighth. But after Hough issued a leadoff walk to Jesse Barfield, Russell relieved.

Russell led the American League in save percentage last season, converting 38 of 44 opportunities, but a wild pitch that sent Barfield to second and threw wildly to third on Roberto Kelly's bunt for an error, putting runners at first and third.

Cerone's bloop single tied the score before pinch-hitter Wayne Tolleson sacrificed the runners to second and third. Sax singled home the go-ahead run and Alvaro Espinoza hit a sacrifice fly.

White Sox 4, Indians 1: In Chicago, Lance Johnson drove in two runs to help Greg Hibbard win his

first start of the season for Chicago. Johnson has hit in all five games this season with seven RBIs. The speedy center-fielder also had two of Chicago's five stolen bases.

In Sunday's games:

Expos 6, Mets 5: In Montreal, the Expos pounded Dwight Gooden, New York's ace, for five second-inning runs, forcing him to depart after only three innings.

The Expos sent nine men to the plate in the second against Gooden, who allowed consecutive singles to Tim Lincecum, Andres Galaraga and Larry Walker before Nelson Santovenia cleared the bases with a bloop double down the third-base line. Spike Owen followed with the Expos' fifth straight hit, a triple that scored Santovenia. Gooden got Dennis Martinez on a comebacker to the mound before Delino DeShields singled Owen home with the Expos' fifth run.

Phillies 6, Cardinals 2: In Philadelphia, Tommy Herr and Von Hayes hit Philadelphia's first home runs of the season.

Herr had three hits, one a two-run homer in the seventh off Kris Carpenter that made it 5-2. Hayes hit a solo shot in the eighth.

Asnes 7, Dodgers 3: In Houston, Bill Doran singled home the tie-breaking run in the seventh and Houston became the last major league team to win this season, after four straight losses.

Padres 5, Giants 3: In San Francisco, Mike Pagliaro's sacrifice fly in the 10th helped San Diego win its second straight when the Giants could not hold a late lead.

The Padres scored in the eighth against Atlee Hammer, tied in the ninth on Garry Templeton's two-out single off Jeff Brantley and won in the ninth on Pagliaro's fly and Benito Santiago's squeeze.

On Friday night, the Padres scored the tying run in the eighth and won with five runs in the ninth. Cubs 4, Pirates 1: In Pittsburgh, rookie Mike Harkey won his first major league game as first baseman Sid Bream's throwing error help Chicago score three in the third.

Harkey went six innings before Paul Asencio and Mitch Williams, who have saved all four Chicago victories this season, finished. The Cubs' bullpen ran its scoreless-innings streak to 17, having allowed six hits and no runs in five games.

Rangers 3, Yankees 4: In an American League game in New York, Nolan Ryan struggled to his 29th victory after giving up his first hit this year: an RBI double to Roberto Kelly in the second inning.

Red Sox 4, Brewers 3: In Boston, Roger Clemens struck out 10 batters in 6½ innings and won his second start of the season as the Red Sox rallied past Milwaukee.

Chris Bosio blanked Boston on two hits for five innings, but the Red Sox jumped on relievers Don August and Tony Fossas for four runs in the sixth.

Royals 3, Blue Jays 1: In Kansas City, Missouri, Bret Saberhagen held Toronto to six hits through 7½ innings and Bo Jackson doubled twice and scored two runs, going three-for-four and stealing a base.

Ortola 7, Tigers 4: In Detroit, Bob Melvin homered and tied a team record with four runs as Baltimore took advantage of five errors in a game delayed 55 minutes by rain in the third inning.

On Friday, Detroit had capitalized on three Baltimore errors to win 10-6.

White Sox 9, Indians 4: In Chicago, Sammy Sosa led an extra-base barrage with two triples, and Chicago routed Cleveland with 15 hits.

Abilities 5, Mariners 2: In Seattle, Dave Stewart ran his three-year April record to 16-0 by limiting Seattle to two hits in 6½ innings. Stewart, who is 12-0 against Seattle, yielded a leadoff homer to Pete O'Brien in the second but allowed only one other runner to advance as far as second base.

Angels 7, Twins 5: In Anaheim, California, Dante Bichette hit a three-run homer with two out in the bottom of the 12th following an intentional walk to Chili Davis.

With one out, Johnny Ray singled off Rick Aguilera, the fifth Minnesota pitcher, and moved to second on Wally Joyner's grounder. When Aguilera fell behind to Davis, 2-1, the Twins' manager, Tom Kelly, ordered the intentional walk. Bichette spoiled the plan by hitting his second homer this year. (A.P. UPI)

Bedrosian's Son Is III The San Francisco Giants have granted indefinite leave to pitcher Steve Bedrosian, whose 26-year-old son, Cody, has been diagnosed as having leukemia. The Associated Press reported from San Francisco.

The child suffered from a fever and pain in his right shoulder and on Tuesday a lump was found on his forearm. He underwent tests Wednesday and Thursday.

## SCOREBOARD

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## NATIONAL LEAGUE

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## West Division

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## Today's Line Scores

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## AMERICAN LEAGUE

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## Fourteenth Round

## Fifteenth Round

## Sixteenth Round

## Seventeenth Round

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## Nineteenth Round

## Twentieth Round

## Twenty-first Round

## Twenty-second Round

## Twenty-third Round

## Twenty-fourth Round

## Twenty-fifth Round

## Twenty-sixth Round

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## Twenty-ninth Round

## Thirtieth Round

## Thirty-first Round

## Thirty-second Round

## Thirty-third Round

## Thirty-fourth Round

## Thirty-fifth Round

## Thirty-sixth Round

## Thirty-seventh Round

## Thirty-eighth Round

## Thirty-ninth Round

## Fortieth Round

## Forty-first Round

## Forty-second Round

## Forty-third Round

## Forty-fourth Round

## Forty-fifth Round

## Forty-sixth Round

## Forty-seventh Round

## Forty-eighth Round

## Forty-ninth Round

## Fiftieth Round

## Fifty-first Round

## Fifty-second Round

## Fifty-third Round

## Fifty-fourth Round

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## Seventeenth Division

## Eighteenth Division

## Nineteenth Division

## Twentieth Division

## Twenty-first Division

## Twenty-second Division

## Twenty-third Division

## Twenty-fourth Division

## Twenty-fifth Division



# Louvre's Multiple Visions, Old and New

PARIS—The Louvre received 4 million visitors last year, although it was closed for rebuilding the first two months, and most of the 4 million seem to be standing at the head of the line when one tries to get in.

Earlier weekend is spectacularly crowded but, says the Louvre's director, Michel Lacroix, there always have been lines and always will be: "When you have 20,000

## MARY BLUME

people a day, you can't let them all in at once even though they may all come at once." Things will get better with the opening of a new door under the Carrousel arch in 1992.

In the meantime, it is best to go Monday and Wednesday evenings when the museum is open late and, instead of the chlorotic Mona Lisa, to head for one of the small temporary shows under the pyramid. Especially now with a choice exhibition called "Polyptychs, on le tableau multiple du moyen age au vingtieme siecle," devised by Lacroix and on view until July 23.

The show, at once scholarly and sprightly, is devoted to paintings made on two or more panels, usually diptychs or triptychs. "I wanted to extend the notion of polyptychs, several paintings that together make a single work," Lacroix says. The works on display range from 14th-century altarpieces to Jasper Johns's triptych, "Voice 2," and Cy Twombly's seven-part "Pan."

A subject that could be academic is brought to life by a deft selection of some 70 works and an elegant installation by Christophe Clement. The show is part of a series to demonstrate the relations between old art and new. The next one, in 1993, will be of drawings, paintings and sculptures from Turner to Rauschenberg inspired by works in the Louvre.

One of the points in the current exhibition (and of the one planned for 1993) is to show works from the Louvre's collection in a new and uncrowded context. These include fine Italian



Max Beckmann's "Le Départ," described as "the horror of Nazism through a fable."

primitives, Lacroix's own specialty, and Gérard David's Triptych of the Family Sedano, radiant after years in a Louvre side room.

The early polyptychs are almost all fragile altarpieces and come from the most part from the Louvre's collections, although four works that had providentially been sent to the museum for restoration are in the show. Pride of place goes to a unique reconstruction of Sassetta's Borgo Sansepolcro polyptych, with panels from 10 museums, from Moscow to Detroit. "It's the first time these pieces have been put together and probably the last," Lacroix says.

In the 17th and 18th centuries the polyptych lost favor to be revived in the 19th, particularly in Germany and Belgium, first as a nostalgic glance back at the Middle Ages, then as a form in which historical, literary, philosophical and political views could be expressed.

The diversity, if not always the quality, is astonishing, from Pre-Raphaelites in the gloaming to Charles Maurin's attempt at anarchist wit, "L'Aurore" (1891), from the Belgian Symbolist Fernand Khnopff's evocation of Spenser's "The Faerie Queene" to Léon Frédéric's "Les Ages de l'ouvrier" (1895-97), a dense triptych of life in the hospital, law court and prison, the only voyager a worker was likely to take.

The possibilities of the polyptych not only as narrative but also as an exploration of space and time, two major preoccupations of painters today, began to be realized. And the form itself gave power: the chocolate-box portrait of Camo Amiel's "Tépoir" (1902) gains a resonance, however spurious, by side panels of memento mori. And "La Pensée aux absents" (1924), by the minor painter André Devambez, shows three grieving women in black flanked

by scenes of World War I trench warfare with majestic effect.

Of the great French masters of the early 20th century, only Matisse made polyptychs, none unfortunately available for the show, but the form attracted Constructivists, Surrealists, Expressionists. For Lacroix the most important painting in the show is Max Beckmann's "Le Départ," lent by the Museum of Modern Art in New York, a mysterious and disturbing triptych probably inspired by the painter's own departure from Nazi Germany.

"He went first not to New York but to Holland, which was worse because he saw what was happening across the border," Lacroix says. "He tells the horror of Nazism through a fable, a history painting like a Poussin."

Of contemporary artists, Francis Bacon's triptychs are the best known, but the polyptych has been used by artists as cool as Brice Marden and as immersed in his



Max Beckmann's "Le Départ," described as "the horror of Nazism through a fable."

torical catastrophe as Anselm Kiefer. Lacroix, who first thought of the exhibition after a show of Sassetta's polyptychs in 1987, says each year more can be seen.

"At this year's FIAC [the major Paris art fair] there were more polyptychs than the year before," he says.

There were paintings he could not get, such as Mondrian's last figurative work, and he excluded sculpture, photography and works in series. The show, Lacroix says, is intended as a sketch, and it has a sketch's lightness and ability to provoke.

On every level, and with no pedagogical earnestness, the show provides a lively link between present and past. Elisabeth Kelly came to Paris to supervise the hanging of his "Three Panels: Orange, Dark Gray, Green," and was delighted to be in the Louvre. The Louvre was equally pleased to have him there. "The staff was thrilled to be working with a live artist," Lacroix said.

## LANGUAGE

### Counting Census-Form Mistakes

By William Safire

WASHINGTON—I could tell I was going to have trouble with the census people from the very first sentence of their guide: "Please use a black lead pencil only." In that sentence, only is a half-misplaced modifier—not incorrect, but not as good as "Please use only a black lead pencil."

In the following sentence, the census taker promptly contradicts the only: "Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens." In other words, black lead pencil is preferable to other writing instruments, but it is not the only acceptable. Drop the only, say, "Please use a black lead pencil." (Wait—what other colors do lead pencils come in? Blue pencils and red pencils are called colored pencils, not lead pencils; a lead pencil is made not of lead but of graphite, which makes a black or dark gray mark—one that really turns on electronic scanners. I was tempted to cut that census direction to "Please use a lead pencil," but that would be wrong: "black lead" is a synonym for graphite, and many colored pencils have some graphite in them. Therefore, black lead is not a redundancy, and the point is clear that the adjective black is needed to discourage the use of colored pencils.)

I am supposed to have returned the form by April 1: "By doing so, a census taker will not have to visit your home." A dangle: by doing so applies to the subject of the sentence, a census taker, and makes the sentence appear to suggest that the census taker, not the late answerer, is doing the non-doing. The correct form—one that would make sense—is "By doing so, you may avoid the need for a census taker to visit your home, thereby upsetting your dog, causing the resident language maven to howl, etc."

The Census Bureau, which has had 10 years to get its forms straight, has a misplacement problem: "You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide." No; the census is not in the enclosed guide. Make that "You'll find the instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide." Same misplacement problem with "List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a." Nobody at this address lives in question 1a. Make that "In question 1a, list everyone who lives at this address."

We now enumerate the mistakes in parallel structure. "You'll [this is the reader-friendly form of 'you will']; I presume it is used throughout the census documents to avoid the authoritative connotation of you will, as in the implied you will return this form or spend time in the classroom." find directions for completing the census on the form itself and the enclosed guide." The proposition in is needed before the enclosed guide. The proposition on, used to introduce the form itself, does not carry over and do the trick for the enclosed guide because the guide would refer to the cover of the guide, and not to the guide itself. For parallel structure, and for idiomatic purity, you'll use "on the form itself and in the enclosed guide."

Parallelism takes another beating in "Do NOT include . . . Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home." If you are using the article a before the first and third items in a series, parallel structure requires it in the second as well: "a mental hospital."

The Squad Squad, having lost its reach for redundancy in black lead pencil, will find happy hunting

ground in "This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time."

Lives and sleeps is redundant in this context, but perhaps the census was eager to get around someone who might say, "He lives here, but he doesn't sleep here, and let me tell you about that . . ." However, the place where, though in frequent use, is in error; a simple that avoids the problem in all cases. ("Thurs not to reason why" was great poetry, lousy grammar; the census bureau's "enter the name(s) and reason(s) why" is poor form-writing.) "If you are not sure if you should list a person . . ." That's one if too far. For a yes-or-no option, use whether: "If you are not sure whether you should list a person . . ."

"Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided." A comma or some other punctuation must always appear after the year in a full date; cutting commas this way is no way for the government to cut costs.

"No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers." Although short independent clauses joined by a conjunction do not require a comma, long clauses do; in this case, we need a comma before the first and, especially since another and appears in the middle of the second clause. Thus: "No one except census workers may see your completed form, [comma] and they can be fined and/or imprisoned . . ."

Let not the serial comma go uncounted: "funding for . . . services for the elderly, child care, employment and training programs and much more." If "employment and training programs" is one phrase, as it seems to be, it should be followed by the final comma in the series, before "and much more."

Throughout the census form, the final comma is placed before the last and or "state, county, and local governments." "It's important to you, your community, and the Nation." Be consistent; use that last serial comma or do not, but don't go both ways.

"The first census was taken in 1790," explains the guide, "in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution." In that sentence, "first article" might well be capitalized, since it refers to Article I, which is capitalized, but this is certain: Any old constitution is spelled with a small c, but the one referred to specifically as our own is the Constitution. What about homeless worlds? These are words ending in -self that get lost in a thoughtless usage of a reflexive verb. In the census form, the Asian or Pacific Islander category "includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong . . ." The use of identify in this sentence must be reflexive, requiring an object that matches its subject: "who identify themselves as . . ."

So they missed a few words; they'll miss a few people.

But when they get my filled-out form, the circular spaces dutifully filled in, some scanner will note the bureau's admonition printed near the end: "Please make sure you have . . . 1. filled this form completely." I have put a little caret after "filled," and written in the necessary word, out—but not in black lead pencil. I don't want to be the one who blows the computers.

New York Times Service

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